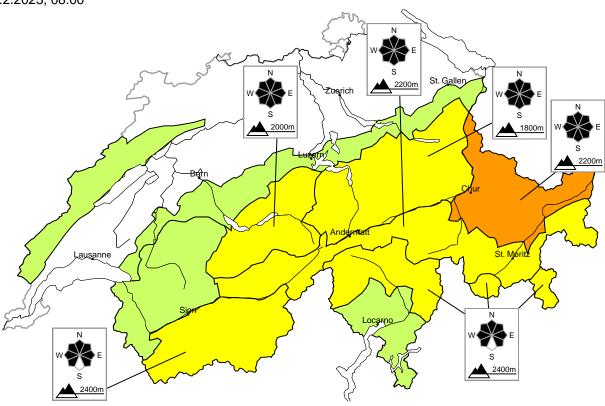
Weakly bonded old snow requires caution

Edition: 11.2.2023, 08:00 / Next update: 11.2.2023, 17:00

Avalanche danger

updated on 11.2.2023, 08:00



region A

Considerable, Level 3-



Old snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Distinct weak layers exist in the snowpack. Single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places. These can release the weakly bonded old snow as well and reach large size in isolated cases. Whumpfing sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack can indicate the danger. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of dry avalanches being released will increase a little on steep south facing slopes.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

Avalanche bulletin for Saturday, 11. February 2023

region B

Moderate, Level 2+



Old snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Faceted weak layers exist in the centre of the snowpack. Single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places. These can reach medium size. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of dry avalanches being released will increase a little on steep south facing slopes.

Careful route selection is important.

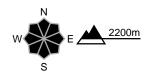
region C

Moderate, Level 2+



Old snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The older wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack. They are to be evaluated with care and prudence in particular in very steep terrain. Avalanches can in some places be released easily and reach medium size. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of dry avalanches being released will increase a little on steep south facing slopes.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for careful route selection.

region D

Moderate, Level 2=



Old snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Weak layers in the upper part of the snowpack can still be released in some place by people. Avalanches can in some cases reach medium size. The avalanche prone locations are to be found especially in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of dry avalanches being released will increase a little on steep south facing slopes

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for careful route selection.

region E

Moderate, Level 2=

Old snow

Avalanche prone locations

W E 2400m

Danger description

The older wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack. They are to be evaluated with care and prudence in particular in very steep terrain. Avalanches can in isolated cases be released by people. They can in some cases reach medium size. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for careful route selection.



Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 considerable

4 high

n 5 very high

Avalanche bulletin for Saturday, 11. February 2023

region F

Low, Level 1



No distinct avalanche problem

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in extremely steep terrain. The somewhat older wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence especially in terrain where there is a danger of falling. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

region G

Low, Level 1



No distinct avalanche problem

Only a little snow is lying.

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in extremely steep terrain. Even a small avalanche can sweep people along and give rise to falls.



Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

Snowpack and weather

updated on 10.2.2023, 17:00

Snowpack

There are expansively metamorphosed (faceted) loose layers evident which are embedded inside the snow cover over widespread areas. On the northern flank of the Alps these layers are frequently found in the upper part of the snowpack. Particularly in the southern Valais and in Grisons, parts of the entire snow cover are expansively metamorphosed (faceted) and loose. Further to the east, the faceted layers are blanketed over by layers of fresh snow and freshly generated snowdrift accumulations which formed last weekend. In the remaining regions of Switzerland the older snowdrift accumulations are deposited on top of faceted, weak layers in some places and are still prone to triggering. In the northern and furthermost western part of the Lower Valais the snowpack structure is most favourable and there are hardly any pronounced weak layers evident inside the snowpack.

Observed weather review Friday, 10.02.2023

Following a night of clear skies it was sunny.

Fresh snow

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Temperature

At midday at 2000 m, -2 °C.

Wind

Winds were blowing predominantly at light strength, intermittently at moderate velocity on the northern Alpine Ridge and in the southern regions, from northeasterly directions.

Weather forecast through Saturday, 11.02.2023

Nocturnal skies will be predominantly clear. As morning approaches and during the later morning hours, high-altitude cloudbanks are expected to temporarily move into the southern and the eastern regions more than anywhere else. In the remaining regions of Switzerland it will be quite sunny.

Fresh snow

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Temperature

At midday at 2000 m, +2 °C.

Wind

Winds wil be blowing predominantly at light strength, also at moderate velocity in the furthermost western regions, in the southern regions and in general at heightened altitudes, from northeasterly directions.

Outlook through Monday, 13.02.2023

Following nights of clear skies it is expected to be sunny in the mountains. Winds will be blowing predominantly at light strength from easterly directions. Temperatures are expected to rise incrementally day by day. The zero-degree level will rise on Sunday in the western regions, on Monday over widespread areas subsequently, to 3000 m. The danger of dry-snow avalanches is expected to gradually diminish. On steep sunny slopes, isolated wet-snow slides and gliding avalanches are possible.

